PSHE at Tanners Brook Primary School

EYFS – The foundations of PSHE

The foundations of PSHE learning and understanding starts in the Early Years under the area of learning Personal, Social and Emotional Development (PSED). This is explored through the Early Learning Goals (ELG) Self-Regulation, Managing Self and Building Relationships. Reaching these goals can be demonstrated in many learning opportunities and experiences but it is likely to see:

- Talking about ways we keep healthy, such as healthy eating, brushing our teeth, sleep, etc
- Exploration of their family
- Understanding that all families are valuable and special
- A growing awareness that rules help to keep us safe and make our space fair and enjoyable for everyone
- The naming of different feelings and an understanding of how others might be feeling
- · Learning around what makes them special and unique and what their personal best looks like
- Exploration and trialling of strategies to regulate emotions
- Discussions around what makes a good friend

This learning helps our young children begin to make sense of the world around them and these foundations will support them as they start to learn the National Curriculum for PSHE in KS1.

KS1 and KS2 PSHE Curriculum:

Personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education is an important and necessary part of all pupils' education. All schools should teach PSHE, drawing on good practice, and this expectation is outlined in the introduction to the proposed new national curriculum.

PSHE is a non-statutory subject. To allow teachers the flexibility to deliver high-quality PSHE we consider it unnecessary to provide new standardised frameworks or programmes of study. PSHE can encompass many areas of study. Teachers are best placed to understand the needs of their pupils and do not need additional central prescription.

However, while we believe that it is for schools to tailor their local PSHE programme to reflect the needs of their pupils, we expect schools to use their PSHE education programme to equip pupils with a sound understanding of risk and with the knowledge and skills necessary to make safe and informed decisions.

Schools should seek to use PSHE education to build, where appropriate, on the statutory content already outlined in the national curriculum, the basic school curriculum and in statutory guidance on: drug education, financial education, sex and relationship education (SRE) and the importance of physical activity and diet for a healthy lifestyle.

As a result, we follow a curriculum from the PSHE Association, adapted to suit the needs of our children and locality. This learning is organised under three key themes:

CORE THEME 1: Health and Wellbeing
CORE THEME 2: Living in the Wider World

CORE THEME 3: Relationships

We aim for our children to acquire these key skills from our PSHE curriculum:

Self-awareness and Reflection

Communication

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution

Ability to Manage Complexity and Uncertainty

Informed and Reflective Action

	Autumn One	Autumn Two	Spring One	Spring Two	Summer One	Summer Two		
	Area of Learning – Personal,			Area of Learning – Personal, Social and Emotional		Area of Learning – Personal, Social and Emotional		
	Development (PSED)		Development (PSED)		Development (PSED)			
	Development Matters		Development Matters		Early Learning Goals: Self-Re	egulation, Managing Self		
	Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of		See themselves as a valuable	e individual.	and Building Relationships			
	a community.		Build constructive and respectful relationships.		Show an understanding of their own feelings and those			
	Become more outgoing with	unfamiliar people, in the	Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others.		of others and begin to regulate their behaviour			
	safe context of their setting.	_		Show resilience and perseverance in the face		accordingly.		
	Show more confidence in new social situations		of challenge.		Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for			
	Play with one or more other children, extending		Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and		what they want and control their immediate impulses			
	and elaborating play ideas.		emotionally.		when appropriate.			
	Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries.		Think about the perspectives	s of others.	Give focused attention to w	hat the teacher says,		
	Increasingly follow rules, und	derstanding why they are	Manage their own needs for		responding appropriately ev	en when engaged in activity,		
Early Years	important.		Know and talk about the different factors that support		and show an ability to follow instructions involving			
Larry I Cars	Remember rules without needing an adult to remind		their overall health and wellbeing:		several ideas or actions.			
	them.		regular physical activity		Be confident to try new activities and show			
	Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.		healthy eating		independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of			
	Talk with others to solve conflicts.		• toothbrushing		challenge.			
	Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad',		• sensible amounts of 'screen time'		Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and			
	'angry' or 'worried'.		having a good sleep routine		try to behave accordingly.			
	Understand gradually how others might be feeling.		being a safe pedestrian		Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs,			
	Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care				including dressing, going to the toilet, and understanding			
	needs, e.g., brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and				the importance of healthy food choices.			
	drying their hands thoroughly.				Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with			
	Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and							
	toothbrushing.				peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.			
	Health and Wellbeing Show sensitivity to their own and				n and to others needs.			
	suggest some rules that keep us safe and decide if a choice is safe or unsafe for our health							
	 suggest some rules that keep us safe and decide if a choice is safe or unsafe for our nearth list some people who help children stay safe and healthy, 							
Year One		emergency situations and follo	· ·					
Curriculum	Relationship	thergency situations and folio	w matructions to keep sale.					
Content	- ·	e neonle hehave differently or	aline and say some simple way	s to keen online communication	on safe			
Criteria								
Criteria	Living in the Wider World							
	identify some similarities and differences between people in my school and community.							
	 give some examples of rules in school or at home and say why they are important. 							
	Who helps keep us safe?	What helps us stay healthy?	What can we do with	Who is special to us?	What is the same and what is	How can we look after each		
Year One	Health and Wellbeing	Health and wellbeing	money?	Relationships	different about us?	other in the world?		
	Knowledge and context:	Knowledge and context:	Living in the wider world	Knowledge and context:	Relationships	Living in the wider world		
Units of	the people whose job	what it means to be	Knowledge and context:	about people who care	Knowledge and context:	Knowledge and context:		
Study	it is to help keep us	healthy and why it is		for them, e.g. parents,		about examples of rules		
	safe	important				in different situations, e.g.		

- about what to do if there is an accident and someone is hurt
- how to get help in an emergency (how to dial 999 and what to say
- how to respond safely to adults they don't know
- what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others
- about the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community

Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

 Identify matters that are important to self and others.

Communication:

 Participate in discussions about issues that affect self, others and the wider world.

Enhancements:

Visit from emergency services or members of our community. (police, paramedics, fire service, nurse, doctors, lollipop person).

Resources from PSHE
Association | Charity
and membership body

- ways to take care of themselves on a daily basis
- about basic hygiene routines, e.g. hand washing
- about healthy and unhealthy foods, including sugar intake
- about physical activity and how it keeps people healthy
- about different types of play, including balancing indoor, outdoor and screen-based play
- about people who can help them to stay healthy, such as parents, doctors, nurses, dentists, lunch supervisors
- how to keep safe in the sun

<u>Skills</u>

Self-awareness and Reflection:

- Identify matters that are important to self and others
- Recognise effects of own behaviours and use this to help make choices

Communication:

 Listen carefully to others

Enhancements:

Visit from some people who help us (doctor, nurse, lunchtime supervisor, office/first aid staff)

- that everyone has different strengths, in and out of school
- about how different strengths and interests are needed to do different jobs
- about people whose job it is to help us in the community
- about different jobs and the work people do

Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

 Identify matters that are important to self and others

Communication:

- State opinions and start to give reasons for these
- Participate in discussions that affect self and others

Enhancements:

- Visits from different professionals for the children to ask questions to
- Research in the computer suite about different job roles

siblings, grandparents, relatives, friends, teachers • the role these different

- the role these different people play in children's lives and how they care for them
- what it means to be a family and how families are different, e.g. single parents, same-sex parents, etc.
- about the importance of telling someone — and how to tell them — if they are worried about something in their family
 Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

 Identify matters that are important to self and others

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

 Begin to show tact and diplomacy

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

 Describe feelings about changes in own life

Informed and reflective action:

 Take action when something is unfair

Enhancements:

 Family photos brought in from home for the children to show and tell

- what kind and unkind behaviour mean in and out school
- how kind and unkind behaviour can make people feel
- about what respect means
- about class rules, being polite to others, sharing and taking turns
- about situations when someone's body or feelings might be hurt and whom to go to for help
- about what it means to keep something private, including parts of the body that are private
- to identify different types of touch and how they make people feel (e.g. hugs, tickling, kisses and punches)
- how to respond if being touched makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe
- when it is important to ask for permission to touch others
- how to ask for and give/not give permission

Skills Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

 Describe feelings about change in own life class rules, rules at home, rules outside

- that different people have different needs
- how we care for people, animals and other living things in different ways
- how they can look after the environment, e.g. recycling

Skills

Communication:

- Listen carefully to others
- Participate in discussions about issues that affect self, others and the wider world

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

- Play and work cooperatively with others
- Help to ensure that everyone in own group is included
- Begin to show tact and diplomacy

Enhancements:

- Visit from a vet
- Staff member to bring in pet (Mrs Hallet's African snail – and discuss caring for this)
- Outdoor learning -0 caring for our environment – litter picking, habitats, bord boxes, allotment

	for PSHE education (pshe- association.org.uk)	Take learning outside to identify risks during play and with others		Display of these families so the children can refer back to the important people in their lives	Cooperation and Conflict Resolution: Play and work cooperatively Communication: Participate in discussions that affect self and others in the wider community Listen carefully to others Self-awareness and Reflection: Recognise effect of own behaviour on other and use this to help make choices Enhancements: Outdoor learning – games that include everyone- setting rules and boundaries Scenarios from PSHE Association website	
Year Two Curriculum Content Criteria	 Health and Wellbeing recognise and name different feelings and describe what to do if I, or others, have not-so-good feelings. suggest ways to help myself and other people feel good, or feel better if not feeling good Relationships name different types of relationships, for example, family, friendship, online. say what makes a good friend, what loneliness is, how to include others, and suggest some ways to resolve disagreements. describe what pressure might look or feel like in a friendship or in situations with other children, and ways to resist it. talk about things that matter to me, and say how to play and work with others. Living in the Wider World give some examples of groups I and other people belong to and the roles and responsibilities in these different groups 					
Year Two Units of Study	What makes a good friend? Relationships Knowledge and context:	What helps us stay safe? Health and wellbeing Knowledge and context: • how rules can help to keep us safe	What helps us grow and stay healthy? Health and wellbeing Knowledge and context:	What is bullying? Relationships Knowledge and context:	What jobs do people do? Living in the wider world Knowledge and context: about what money is and its different forms e.g. coins, notes, and ways of	How do we recognise our feelings? Health and wellbeing Knowledge and context:

- how people make friends and what makes a good friendship
- how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to do
- simple strategies to resolve arguments between friends positively
- how to ask for help if a friendship is making them feel unhappy
- how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them

<u>Skills</u>

Self-awareness and Reflection:

- Recognise effects of own behaviour on others and use this to help make choices
- Identify matters that are important to self and others

Communication:

 Listen carefully to others

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

- Play and work cooperatively
- Help to ensure that everyone in own group is included
- Begin to show tact and diplomacy

- why some things have age restrictions, e.g. TV and film, games, toys or play areas
- basic rules for keeping safe online
- whom to tell if they see something online that makes them feel unhappy, worried, or scared

Self-awareness and Reflection:

Recognise effects of own behaviours and use this to help make choices

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

 Describe feelings about change and in own life

Communication:

 Participate in discussions about issues that affect self, others and the wider world

Enhancements:

- visit the computer suite for staying safe online
- Ask Micheal to talk to the children about being safe online

- what it means to be healthy and why it is important
- ways to take care of themselves on a daily basis
- about basic hygiene routines, e.g. hand washing
- about healthy and unhealthy foods, including sugar intake
- about physical activity and how it keeps people healthy
- about different types of play, including balancing indoor, outdoor and screen-based play
- about people who can help them to stay healthy, such as parents, doctors, nurses, dentists, lunch supervisors
- how to keep safe in the sun

<u>Skills</u>

Self-awareness and Reflection:

- Identify matters that are important to self and others
- Learn from mistakes and use feedback

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

 Play and work cooperatively

Communication:

 Participate in discussions about issues that affect self, others and the wider world

- how to recognise hurtful behaviour, including online
- what to do and whom to tell if they see or experience hurtful behaviour, including online
- about what bullying is and different types of bullying
- how someone may feel if they are being bullied
- about the difference between happy surprises and secrets that make them feel uncomfortable or worried, and how to get help
- how to resist pressure to do something that feels uncomfortable or unsafe
- how to ask for help if they feel unsafe or worried and what vocabulary to use

<u>Skills</u>

Self-awareness and Reflection:

- Recognise effects of own behaviour on others and use this to help make choices
- Learn from mistakes and use feedback

Communication:

Listen carefully to others Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

- Play and work cooperatively
- Help to ensure that everyone in own group is included

- paying for things e.g. debit cards, electronic payments
- how money can be kept and looked after
- about getting, keeping and spending money
- that people are paid money for the job they do
- how to recognise the difference between needs and wants
- how people make choices about spending money, including thinking about needs and wants
 Skills

Communication:

 Participate in discussions about issues that affect self, others and the wider world

Self-awareness and Reflection

 Recognise effects of own behaviour on others and use this to help make choices

Enhancements:

- about routines and habits for maintaining good physical and mental health
- why sleep and rest are important for growing and keeping healthy
- that medicines, including vaccinations and immunisations, can help people stay healthy and manage allergies
- the importance of, and routines for, brushing teeth and visiting the dentist
- about food and drink that affect dental health
- how to describe and share a range of feelings
- ways to feel good, calm down or change their mood e.g. playing outside, listening to music, spending time with others
- how to manage big feelings including those associated with change, loss and bereavement
- when and how to ask for help, and how to help others, with their feelings

Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

 Identify matters that are important to self and others

Communication:

Listen carefully to others

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

 Describe feelings about changes in own life and locally

Enhancements:

	Enhancements: Video clips of friendship issues, cartoon based so children can see the issue external to them. PSHE Association Charity and membership body for PSHE education (pshe-		Enhancements: Visit from a doctor/nurse	Begin to show tact and diplomacy Informed and reflective action: Take action when something is unfair Enhancements:		
	association.org.uk) Health and Wellbeing					
Year Three Curriculum Content Criteria	 recognise signs that I or someone else may need help with their physical health or mental wellbeing <u>Relationships</u> explain what makes a healthy, positive friendship and ways to avoid or resolve arguments and other friendship issues. name different types of bullying, explain the effects of bullying and hurtful behaviour explain meaning and importance of consent (asking for/giving/not giving permission) in a variety of situations, including how or when to seek, give and not give consent. 					
Year Three Units of Study	How can we be a good friend? Relationships Knowledge and context: importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing what constitutes a positive healthy friendship? Same principles apply to online	What keeps us safe? Health and wellbeing Knowledge and context: • how to recognise risk in everyday situations, e.g. road, water and rail safety, medicines • how to help keep themselves safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments, such as in school, online and 'out and about' • to identify potential unsafe situations, who is responsible for keeping them safe in	Why should we eat well and look after our teeth? Health and wellbeing Knowledge and context: • the positive and negative effects of habits, such as regular exercise or eating too much sugar, on a healthy lifestyle • what is meant by a healthy, balanced diet including what foods should be eaten regularly or just occasionally	What makes a community? Living in the wider world Knowledge and context: • the reasons for rules and laws in wider society • the importance of abiding by the law and what might happen if rules and laws are broken • what human rights are and how they protect people	Why should we keep active and sleep well? Health and wellbeing Knowledge and context: • that regular exercise such as walking or cycling has positive benefits for their mental and physical health • about the choices that people make in daily life that could affect their health	How do we treat others with respect? Relationships Knowledge and context: • to recognise respectful behaviours e.g. helping or including others, being responsible • how to model respectful behaviour in different situations e.g. at home, at school, online • the importance of self- respect and their right to

- friendships as to face-toface relationships
- importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded
- healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them
- that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely
- recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary

Skills

- Contribute to the wellbeing of the wider community.
- Use strategies to cope with challenging times.
- Work cooperatively to solve problems and achieve goals.

Enhancements:

Scenarios from PSHE
Association | Charity
and membership body
for PSHE education
(psheassociation.org.uk)

- these situations, and steps they can take to avoid or remove themselves from danger
- how to help keep themselves safe at home in relation to electrical appliances, fire safety and medicines/household products
- about things that people can put into their body or onto their skin (e.g. medicines and creams) and how these can affect how people feel
- how to respond if there is an accident and someone is hurt
- about whose job it is to keep us safe and how to get help in an emergency, including how to dial 999 and what to say

Skills

Communication

Listen attentively, question and respond to others

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

Work cooperatively to solve problems or achieve goals

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

Enhancements:

 Use strategies to cope with challenging times

Informed and reflective action:

 Contribute to the wellbeing of the wider community

- what can help people to make healthy choices and what might negatively influence them
- about habits and that sometimes they can be maintained, changed or stopped

Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

 Identify connections between personal decisions and issues affecting people locally and globally

Communication:

- Listen attentively, questions and respond to others
- Express own views and ideas on issues clearly, using a range of appropriate methods

Informed and reflective action:

 Contribute to the wellbeing of the wider community

Enhancements:

- to identify basic examples of human rights including the rights of children
- about how they have rights and responsibilities
- that with every right there is also a responsibility e.g. the right to an education and the responsibility to learn

Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

 Identify connections between personal decisions and issues affecting people locally and globally

Communication:

 Give reasons, evidence and examples in support of an opinion

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

- Recognise when there may be no single right or wrong answer
- Describe feelings about changed and events in own setting and the wider world

Informed and reflective action:

- Participate in decision making in school
- Contribute to the wellbeing of the wider community

• to identify healthy and unhealthy choices (e.g. in relation to food, exercise, sleep)

<u>Skills</u>

Self-awareness and Reflection:

Explore reasons for negative feelings towards others and in new or difficult situations

Communication:

Listen attentively, questions and respond to others

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

- Work cooperatively to solve problems or achieve goals
- Use strategies to manage anger, frustration and aggressive feelings

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

 Use strategies to cope with challenging times

Informed and reflective action:

- Share opinions and evidence on issues with others
- Including decisionmakers and elected representatives

Enhancements:

Sport coach talk about keeping active

- be treated respectfully by others
- what it means to treat others, and be treated, politely
- the ways in which people show respect and courtesy in different cultures and in wider society

<u>Skills</u>

Self-awareness and Reflection:

- Explore reasons for negative feelings towards others and in new or difficult situations
- Identify connections between personal decisions and issues affecting people locally and globally

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

- Work cooperatively to solve problems or achieve goals
- Use strategies to manage anger, frustration and aggressive feelings

Communication:

 Listen attentively, questions and respond to others

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

 Use strategies to cope with challenging times

Informed and reflective action:

		 Visit from emergency services (fire, police, ambulance) Outdoor learning to identify potential risks during play Use computer suite for learning about safety online Role play 999 call 		Share opinions and evidence on issues with others Including decision-makers and elected representatives Enhancements:	Mental wellbeing resources on PSHE association	Contribute to the well-being of the wider community Enhancements:
Year Four Curriculum Content Criteria	 suggest ways to manage <u>Living in the Wider World</u> 	e me who I am, that I am prou e setbacks and unhelpful thinki and achievements, how these	ing.	ng personal strengths contribu	ite to self-worth.	
Year Four Units of Study	What strengths, skills and interests do we have? Health and wellbeing Knowledge and context: to recognise their individuality and personal qualities identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes	How can we manage our feelings? Health and wellbeing Knowledge and context: • about the things that affect feelings both positively and negatively • strategies to identify and talk about their feelings • about some of the different ways people express feelings e.g. words, actions, body language • to recognise how feelings can change overtime and become more or less powerful Skills Self-awareness and Reflection: • Identify connections between personal decisions and issues affecting people locally and globally	What are families like? Relationships Knowledge and context: • to recognise differences between people such as gender, race, faith • to recognise what they have in common with others e.g. shared values, likes and dislikes, aspirations • about the importance of respecting the differences and similarities between people • a vocabulary to sensitively discuss difference and include everyone Skills Cooperation and Conflict Resolution: Use knowledge of others' viewpoints to resolve problems and compromise	How can drugs common to everyday life affect health? Health and wellbeing Knowledge and context: • the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely • to recognise what is meant by a 'drug' • that drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) can affect health and wellbeing • to identify some of the effects related to different drugs and that all drugs, including medicines, may have side effects • to identify some of the risks associated with drugs common to everyday life • that for some people using drugs can become a	How can we manage risk in different places? Health and wellbeing Knowledge and context: how to identify typical hazards at home and in school how to predict, assess and manage risk in everyday situations e.g. crossing the road, running in the playground, in the kitchen about fire safety at home including the need for smoke alarms the importance of following safety rules from parents and other adults how to help keep themselves safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places, including road, rail, water and firework safety Skills	How can our choices make a difference to others and the environment? Knowledge and context: • the meaning and benefits of living in a community • to recognise that they belong to different communities as well as the school community • about the different groups that make up and contribute to a community • about the individuals and groups that help the local community, including through volunteering and work • how to show compassion towards others in need and the shared responsibilities of caring for them Skills Self-awareness and Reflection:

Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

Identify connections between personal decisions and issues affecting people locally and globally

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

Use strategies to cope with challenging times

Enhancements:

Link to applying for the eco-warriors and school council rep roles in school.

Resources from PSHE Association | Charity and membership body for PSHE education (psheassociation.org.uk)

Explore reasons for negative feelings towards others and in new or difficult situations

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

- Use strategies to cope with challenging times
- Identify connections between personal decisions and issues affecting people locally and globally

Enhancements:

- Outdoor session to promote being outdoors having an impact on positive mental health
- Role play scenarios

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

Recognise when there may be no single right or wrong answer

Informed and reflective action:

- Contribute to the wellbeing of the wider community
- Share opinions and evidence on issues with others

Enhancements:

habit which is difficult to break

• how to ask for help or advice Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

 Identify connections between personal decisions and issues affecting people locally and globally

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

Use strategies to manage anger, frustration and aggressive feelings

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

 Use strategies to cope with challenging times Informed and reflective

action:

Contribute to the wellbeing of the wider community

Enhancements:

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

 Work cooperatively to solve problems or achieve goals

Informed and reflective action:

- Participate in decision making in school
- Contribute to the wellbeing of the wider community
- Share opinions and evidence on issues with others
- Including decisionmakers and elected representatives

Enhancements:

Visit from safety professional: fireman, paramedic, Andy about safety in school or a fire warden in school

Identify connections between personal decisions and issues affecting people locally and globally

Communication:

- Listen attentively. questions and respond to others
- Express own views and ideas on issues clearly, using a range of appropriate methods

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution

Work cooperatively to solve problems or achieve goals

Informed and reflective action:

- Participate in decision making in school
- Contribute to the wellbeing of the wider community
- Share opinions and evidence on issues with others

Including decision-makers and elected representatives

Enhancements:

School council reps and eco-warriors to discuss their roles and what this means for the Tanners **Brook Community**

Year Five Curriculum Content Criteria

Relationships

recognise peer influence or pressure in a range of situations and suggest strategies to manage and respond to it

Living in the Wider World

- benefits of having diversity in our community and ways to promote inclusion in our school and community.
- explain what stereotypes, prejudice and discrimination mean, why we need to show others respect and how we can positively challenge discrimination.

What makes up our identity?

Health and wellbeing **Knowledge and context:**

- personal identity: what contributes to who we are
- that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex
- to recognise their individuality and personal qualities
- respecting the differences and similarities between people and recognising what they have in common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background
- stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others: strategies for challenging stereotypes

Skills

Year Five

Units of

Study

Self-awareness and Reflection:

- Recognise personal strengths and weaknesses
- Explore multiple perspectives and alternative visions of the future

Informed and reflective action:

What decisions can people make with money?

Living in the wider world **Knowledge and context:**

- how people make different spending decisions based on their budget, values and needs how to keep track of
- money and why it is important to know how much is being spent about different ways to
- pay for things such as cash, cards, e-payment and the reasons for using them
- that how people spend money can have positive or negative effects on others e.g. charities, single use plastics

Skills Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

- Adapt to new situation and explore new ways of seeing local and global issues
- Explore multiple perspectives and alternative visions of the future

Enhancements:

- Visit from bank finance worker (bank, accountant)
- Use computer suite to make budgets on excel

How will we grow and chanae?

Health and wellbeing **Knowledge and context:**

- how to identify external genitalia and reproductive organs
- about the physical and emotional changes during puberty
- key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams
- strategies to manage the changes during puberty including menstruation
- the importance of personal hygiene routines during puberty including washing regularly and using deodorant
- how to discuss the challenges of puberty with a trusted adult
- how to get information, help and advice about puberty

Skills

Communication:

Use active listening skills and adapt behaviour to new cultural environments

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

Explore multiple perspectives and alternative visions of the future

How can friends communicate safely? Relationships

Knowledge and context:

- to recognise that everyone should be treated equally
- why it is important to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own
- what discrimination means and different types of discrimination e.g. racism, sexism, homophobia
- to identify online bullying and discrimination of groups or individuals e.g. trolling and harassment Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

• Evaluate ways in which own emotions. words and behaviour can affect people both locally and globally

Communication:

- Communicate effectively through a range of media about issues to suit subject, audience and purpose
- Use active listening skills and adapt behaviour to new cultural environments

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution:

How can we help in an accident or emergency? Health and wellbeing **Knowledge and context:**

- to identify when situations are becoming risky, unsafe or an emergency
- to identify occasions where they can help take responsibility for their own safety
- to differentiate between positive risk taking (e.g. trying a challenging new sport) and dangerous behaviour
- how to deal with common injuries using basic first aid techniques
- how to respond in an emergency, including when and how to contact different emergency services

Skills

Communication:

Communicate effectively through a range of media about issues to suit subject, audience and purpose

Informed and reflective action:

Identify and plan appropriate action(s) and opportunities to make own voice heard

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

 Adapt to new situations and explore

What jobs would you like? Living in the wider world **Knowledge and context:**

- to identify jobs that they might like to do in the future
- about the role ambition can play in achieving a future career
- how or why someone might choose a certain career
- about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career, including pay, working conditions, personal interests, strengths and qualities, family, values
- the importance of diversity and inclusion to promote people's career opportunities
- about stereotyping in the workplace, its impact and how to challenge it
- that there is a variety of routes into work e.g. college, apprenticeships, university, training

Skills Self-awareness and Reflection:

Recognise personal strengths and weaknesses

Communication:

Use active listening skills and adapt behaviour to new cultural environments

Identify and plan appropriate action(s) and opportunities to make own voice heard Enhancements:	Informed and reflective action: Identify and plan appropriate action(s) and opportunities to make own voice heard Challenge viewpoints which perpetuate inequality and injustice Enhancements:	Take on different roles in group work Employ effective strategies for repairing damaged relationships Enhancements:	new ways of seeing local and global issues Cooperation and Conflict Resolution: Take on different roles in group work Enhancements:	Cooperation and Conflict Resolution: Take on different roles in group work Enhancements: Job fair with different careers on show and visitors from these fields
	To include consent • to identify what physical touch is acceptable, unacceptable, wanted or unwanted in different situations • how to ask for, give and not give permission for physical contact • how it feels in a person's mind and body when they are uncomfortable • that it is never someone's fault if they have experienced unacceptable contact • how to respond to unwanted or unacceptable physical contact • that no one should ask them to keep a secret that makes them feel uncomfortable or try to persuade them to keep a secret they are worried about • whom to tell if they are concerned about unwanted physical contact			

	Health and Wellbeing							
Year Six	• explain a range of ways to keep healthy, that habits can have positive and negative effects on health, and how to manage pressure to do things that are not healthy.							
	• recognise the link between physical and mental health and describe strategies that promote mental health for myself or others.							
Curriculum	 explain the importance of balancing time online with other activities for physical and mental wellbeing. 							
Content	 assess how safe or unsafe different choices for health and wellbeing are 							
Criteria	Living in the Wider World	· ·						
		identify a range of different rules, laws, and human rights, explain why they are important and possible consequences of not following rules.						
	How can we keep healthy as we grow?	How can the media influence people?	What will change as we become more independ					
	Health and Wellbeing	Living in the wider world	Health and wellbeing					
	Knowledge and context:	Knowledge and context:	How do friendships change as we grow					
	 make informed decisions about health 	about the benefits of safe internet use e.g. learning,						
	 elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle 	connecting and communicating	Relationships					
	 choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and 	 how and why images online might be manipulated, 						
	recognise what might influence these	altered, or faked	Knowledge and context:					
	recognise that habits can have both positive and	how to recognise when images might have been	what it means to be attracted to someone and !!ffactor blinds of leaving a plation blind.					
	negative effects on a healthy lifestyle	altered	different kinds of loving relationships					
	 what good physical health means; how to recognise 	why people choose to communicate through social	• that people who love each other can be of any ge ethnicity or faith					
	early signs of physical illness	media and some of the risks and challenges of doing so	the difference between gender identity and sexual					
	 what constitutes a healthy diet 	that social media sites have age restrictions and	orientation and everyone's right to be loved					
	 how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental 	regulations for use	 about the qualities of healthy relationships that h 					
	and physical health	• the reasons why some media and online content is not	individuals flourish					
	 how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; 	appropriate for children	ways in which couples show their love and					
	 about strategies and behaviours that support 	• now offline content can be designed to manipulate	commitment to one another, including those who					
Year Six	mental health	people's emotions and encourage them to read or share	not married or who live apart					
Units of	 that mental health, just like physical health, is part 	things	what marriage and civil partnership mean e.g. a load.					
Study	of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental	about sharing things online, including rules and laws	declaration of commitment made by two adults					
	health	relating to this	that people have the right to choose whom they					
	the benefits of sun exposure and risks of	 how to recognise what is appropriate to share online how to report inappropriate online content or contact 	or whether to get married					
	overexposure	Skills	that to force anyone into marriage is illegal					
	benefits of the internet	Self-awareness and Reflection:	• how and where to report forced marriage or ask					
	to seek support, including which adults to speak to	Evaluate ways in which own emotions, words and	help if they are worried					
	in and outside school	behaviour can affect people both locally and globally						
	how to maintain good oral hygiene	Communication:	 to recognise some of the changes as they g 					
	Skills	Communicate effectively through a range of media	e.g. increasing independence					
	Communication:	about issues to suit subject, audience and purpose	about what being more independent might be					
	Communicate effectively through a range of media	Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:	including how it may feel					
	about issues to suit subject, audience and purpose	Adapt to new situations and explore new ways of	about the transition to secondary school and how					
	Evaluate how our choices can affect people locally	seeing local and global issues	may affect their feelings					
	and globally	 Explore multiple perspectives and alternative visions 	about how relationships may change as they grove					
	 Reflect on learning from taking action 	of the future	or move to secondary school Summer — Health an					

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

How can the media influence people? Living in the wider world

Knowledge and context:

- about the benefits of safe internet use e.g. learning, connecting and communicating
- how and why images online might be manipulated, altered, or faked
- how to recognise when images might have been altered
- why people choose to communicate through social media and some of the risks and challenges of doing so
- that social media sites have age restrictions and regulations for use
- the reasons why some media and online content is not appropriate for children
- how online content can be designed to manipulate people's emotions and encourage them to read or share things
- about sharing things online, including rules and laws relating to this
- how to recognise what is appropriate to share online
- how to report inappropriate online content or contact Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

Communication:

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

- Adapt to new situations and explore new ways of seeing local and global issues
- Explore multiple perspectives and alternative visions of the future

Informed and reflective action:

What will change as we become more independent? Health and wellbeing How do friendships change as we grow? Relationships

Knowledge and context:

- what it means to be attracted to someone and different kinds of loving relationships
- that people who love each other can be of any gender, ethnicity or faith
- the difference between gender identity and sexual orientation and everyone's right to be loved
- about the qualities of healthy relationships that help individuals flourish
- ways in which couples show their love and commitment to one another, including those who are not married or who live apart
- what marriage and civil partnership mean e.g. a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults
- that people have the right to choose whom they marry or whether to get married
- that to force anyone into marriage is illegal
- how and where to report forced marriage or ask for help if they are worried
- to recognise some of the changes as they grow up e.g. increasing independence
- about what being more independent might be like, including how it may feel
- about the transition to secondary school and how this may affect their feelings
- about how relationships may change as they grow up or move to secondary school Summer — Health and wellbeing

Explore multiple perspectives and alternative visions of the future

Informed and reflective action:

• Reflect on learning from taking action

Enhancements:

- Identify and plan appropriate action(s) and opportunities to make own voice heard
- Challenge viewpoints which perpetuate inequality and injustice
- Reflect on learning from taking action

Enhancements:

Lessons in computer suite to apply skills learnt about being safe online

Micheal to talk to the children about online safety

- practical strategies that can help to manage times of change and transition e.g. practising the bus route to secondary school
- identify the links between love, committed relationships and conception
- what sexual intercourse is, and how it can be one part of an intimate relationship between consenting adults
- how pregnancy occurs i.e. when a sperm meets an egg and the fertilised egg settles into the lining of the womb

Skills

Self-awareness and Reflection:

- Recognise personal strengths and weaknesses
- Evaluate ways in which own emotions, words and behaviour can affect people both locally and globally

Communication:

 Use active listening skills and adapt behaviour to new cultural environments

Cooperation and Conflict Resolution

 Employ effective strategies for repairing damaged relationships

Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty:

- Identify and plan appropriate action(s) and opportunities to make own voice heard
- Challenge viewpoints which perpetuate inequality and injustice

Enhancements:

Visits to and from secondary schools Follow guidance for RSHE on PSHE Association